

Операционные микроскопы для интраоперационной флуоресцентной визуализации BLUE 400, YELLOW 560, INFRARED 800, FLOW 800

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ZEISS Intraoperative Fluorescence Technologies

Discovering the previously unseen



Fluorescence is the property of atoms and molecules, so called fluorophores, to absorb light at a particular wavelength and to subsequently emit light of longer wavelength. Fluorescence microscopy can be based on autofluorescence or the addition of fluorescent dyes.^{1,2} Under normal light fluorescent dyes might be invisible. But a surgical microscope with integrated fluorescence technology lights up the dye to visualize tumor tissue or blood vessels during surgery.

- **Tumor**
- **Vascular**
- **Reconstructive**

Deeper insights. Greater control.

The first use of intraoperative fluorescence imaging in surgery dates back to 1948 when surgeons used intravenous fluorescein to enhance intracranial neoplasms during neurosurgery.^{2,9} Since then, additional fluorescent agents have been used for a variety of surgical applications.^{4,5,6,9} Intraoperative fluorescence imaging offers the benefits of high contrast and sensitivity, absence of ionizing radiation, ease of use, safety, and high specificity.^{7,8,9} Compared with standard unaided vision using white light imaging, real-time fluorescence imaging is helpful in visualizing cancerous tissue and delineating tumor margins.⁸ Moreover, improved visualization of the cancer can reduce damage to important normal structures such as nerves, blood vessels, ureters, and bile ducts.⁹

In challenging microsurgery, surgical visualization adjuncts are essential for making the right decisions at the right time. The Intraoperative Fluorescence Technologies¹ from ZEISS offer you the tools you need.

Intraoperative visualization of fluorescence-stained structures in tumor surgery

BLUE 400 from ZEISS

BLUE 400 from ZEISS supports intraoperative differentiation between diseased and healthy tissue. It was the only microscope integrated fluorescence module to prove its efficiency in a successfully conducted Phase III multi-center study.²

According to a 2015 study by Esteves et al., high-grade gliomas (grades III–IV) are the most common brain tumors in Europe, with an incidence of 3.13 per 100,000 residents. The extent of tumor resection is a major prognostic factor for survival.³ Studies show that resection of at least 98% of the tumor tissue is required to significantly impact the survival rate. A randomized controlled trial (RCT) study by Stummer et al. in 2006 showed that the probability of complete resection of the tumor was significantly increased when using 5-ALA fluorescence (5-aminolevulinic acid) (65% vs. 37%, $p < 0.0001$).²

We [...] published a medical economic study [...] to demonstrate that [by] using BLUE 400, we can improve outcome of the patients [...].

Prof. Dr. Walter Stummer Director and Head of the Department of Neurosurgery, University Hospital Münster, Germany

ZEISS YELLOW 560

ZEISS YELLOW 560 is the first intraoperative fluorescence module¹ to highlight the fluorescence-stained structures while visualizing non-stained tissue in its natural-like color. It allows research activities with suitable fluorescence dyes.¹

The benefit is that the tumor is resected in a better way because unaffected brain is visualized indirectly and you can preserve it.

Prof. Dr. Karl-Michael Schebesch Deputy Clinic Director, Clinic and Polyclinic for Neurosurgery, University Hospital Regensburg, Germany

Intraoperative imaging of cerebral blood flow in vascular surgery

ZEISS INFRARED 800

With **ZEISS INFRARED 800** it is possible to visualize sub-millimeter blood vessels. Intraoperative imaging of cerebral blood flow is of particular interest in vascular neurosurgery. Fluorescence-assisted angiography using indocyanine green (ICG) allows for real-time qualitative assessment of vascular permeability or pathological vascular structures during surgery. As early as 2003, the results of a feasibility study by Raabe et al. revealed that ICG fluorescence angiography is useful in the assessment of aneurysms, dural fistulas, and in revascularization surgery.¹⁰ Integrated into the surgical microscope, ICG angiography is a suitable technique for visualization and for assisting in the evaluation and interpretation of intraoperative blood flow in vessels with less than 1 mm in diameter. It assists in early detection of complications as well as reducing the risk of ischemic damage and the need for further postoperative intervention.¹¹

ZEISS FLOW 800

Using **ZEISS INFRARED 800** video sequences, **ZEISS FLOW 800** offers a unique fluorescence application for the visual analysis of vascular blood flow. The information from the video sequences is compiled into visual maps, diagrams, or side-by-side images. This enables a detailed analysis of the fluorescence videos.

Simple imaging of vascular structures is often insufficient for the detection of hypo- or hyperperfusion; doing so requires quantitative analysis of the data.¹² Study results have shown that **FLOW 800** analysis software provides valuable additional information for surgeons in intraoperative assessment of arterial patency and regional blood flow.¹³⁻¹⁶

Intraoperative fluorescence imaging in reconstructive surgery

ZEISS INFRARED 800

Typically used in free flap surgery, **INFRARED 800** from **ZEISS** enables fluorescence-assisted assessment of blood flow after an anastomosis has been created and visualizes the vascular patency of the grafted tissue.

A 2012 study by Holzbach et al.¹⁷ demonstrates that ICG fluorescence angiography is a useful, expeditious, and safe procedure in flap surgery, especially in intraoperative use. The findings of Mücke et al. show that **FLOW 800** constitutes a reliable analysis tool for intraoperative flap perfusion monitoring,¹⁸ as well as for intraoperative thrombosis detection.¹⁹ A 2014 study by Yamamoto et al.²⁰ found that intraoperative ICG lymphography facilitates identification of lymphatic vessels and allows for accurate assessment of anastomoses.

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